

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 1272

January Session, 2007

SB01272JUD0413	07
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AN ACT CONCERNING ADMINISTRATION OF THE COURTS OF PROBATE AND THE DUTIES OF THE PROBATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 45a-8 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2007*):
- 3 (a) The town or towns comprising each probate district shall 4 provide court facilities meeting the minimum standards required by this section. If a probate district consists of more than one town, the 5 expense shall be allocated to the towns in proportion to their grand 7 lists last perfected. Such court facilities shall include: (1) Office space 8 appropriate for the conduct of judicial business, including (A) a room 9 for the judge of probate sufficient in size for ordinary matters in which 10 judicial proceedings may be conducted in private, (B) a separate room 11 for the court staff, and (C) on a prearranged basis, access to a larger 12 hearing room for the conduct of unusually large court hearings; (2) 13 furniture and furnishings appropriate to a court facility; (3) use and 14 maintenance of a copying machine and the necessary supplies; (4) use 15 and maintenance of [microfilming equipment and the necessary 16 supplies, including record books or the equipment to produce records 17 court record systems and equipment, including such record books and 18 electronic, digital, microfilming or similar systems as determined by 19 the Probate Court Administrator, required to maintain, provide access

to and produce court records, and the necessary supplies for such systems, equipment and records; (5) the necessary stationery, postage and other related supplies in order that the court may properly carry out its duties; (6) typing equipment with which to complete the necessary records; (7) basic telephone service, which shall include all local calls; (8) if a court is computerized, a dedicated telephone line and maintenance of the computer equipment; and (9) adequate liability, fire, loss, theft and replacement insurance on the furniture, furnishings, equipment, court facilities and the records of the court.

- (b) If a town or towns comprising a probate district and the responsible municipal official or officials within such probate district fail to provide the court facilities required by subsection (a) of this section, the Probate Court Administrator shall offer in writing to meet with the judge of probate of the district and the responsible official or officials to discuss such court facilities. After discussion and consideration of the circumstances of the court operations, the Probate Court Administrator may waive or modify the application of a particular requirement of subsection (a) of this section for court facilities.
- (c) If suitable court facilities are not provided in accordance with subsection (a) or (b) of this section, [: (1) The Probate Court Administrator shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary concerning the failure of the probate district to provide the required court facilities, together with a recommendation that the probate district be abolished as a separate district and be consolidated with a contiguous district where suitable court facilities can be provided; or (2) if, in the opinion of the Probate Court Administrator, abolition of the district is not in the public interest and judicial action is necessary to enforce the provision of suitable court facilities,] the Probate Court Administrator shall (1) bring an action in the Superior Court to enforce the requirements for the provision of suitable court facilities, or (2) take action as authorized under section 3 of this act.

- (d) Any town located in a probate district that desires to (1) consolidate such probate district with one or more districts, (2) be removed from such probate district to a separate district established for any such town, or (3) be located in another probate district, may, by resolution of its legislative body, petition the General Assembly for such consolidation, separation and creation of a new probate district or relocation. The Probate Court Administrator shall provide such assistance in the preparation of the petition as the officials of the town or towns may request. At the time of submission of a petition to the General Assembly, a copy of the petition shall be sent to the judges of probate in the probate districts to be affected. No probate district may be consolidated with another district until the expiration of the term of office of any probate judge in an affected probate district.
- (e) Each judge of probate shall provide suitable records and supplies, in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, for the court in the judge's district. The judge of probate shall cause a complete record to be made of all orders passed by such court and of all wills, inventories, distributions, accounts, bonds and returns made to or lodged with such court. The expense of records, microfilming or the equipment to produce records, and of supplies which the judge deems necessary, shall be paid, upon the order of the judge, by the town or towns composing the district in proportion to their grand lists last perfected.
- (f) When the Probate Court Administrator, by regulation, requires that the courts of probate use specified forms, education materials, supplies or equipment not otherwise required by this section, they shall be furnished by the Probate Court Administrator and the expense paid from the [fund] Probate Court Administration Fund established under section 45a-82, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 2. Section 45a-77 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2007*):
- 84 (a) The Probate Court Administrator may attend to any matters

[which] that the Probate Court Administrator [deems] considers necessary for the efficient operation of the courts of probate and for the expeditious dispatch and proper conduct of the business of [those] such courts. The Probate Court Administrator shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter, sections 3 to 6, inclusive, of this act and the regulations issued under this section, and shall ensure performance of the duties of judges of probate and clerks of the courts of probate in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, said sections and such regulations. The Probate Court Administrator may make recommendations to the General Assembly for legislation for the improvement of the administration of the courts of probate.

(b) [(1)] The Probate Court Administrator may issue and shall enforce regulations, provided such regulations are approved in accordance with [this] subsection (c) of this section. Such regulations shall be binding on all courts of probate and shall concern [the auditing, matters for the administration of the probate court system, including, but not limited to: (1) Auditing, accounting, statistical, billing, recording, filing and other court procedures; [. (2) The Probate Court Administrator may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, provided such regulations are approved in accordance with this subsection. Such regulations shall be binding on all courts of probate and shall concern (2) the availability of judges; [,] (3) standards for court facilities, court personnel, salaries, court operations and records; [, hours of court operation and telephone service. (3)] (4) reassignment and transfer of cases; (5) budgets, income and expenditures of the courts of probate; (6) training of court personnel and continuing education programs for judges of probate and court personnel; and (7) the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter, sections 3 to 6, inclusive, of this act and the regulations issued pursuant to this section, including, but not limited to, the recovery of expenses from a judge of probate who is not in compliance with this chapter, said sections or such regulations.

(c) Either the Probate Court Administrator or the executive committee of the <u>Connecticut</u> Probate Assembly may propose [such]

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regulations authorized under subsection (b) of this section. Any regulation proposed by the Probate Court Administrator shall be submitted to the executive committee of the Connecticut Probate Assembly for approval. Any regulation proposed by the executive committee of the Connecticut Probate Assembly shall be submitted to the Probate Court Administrator for approval. If either the Probate Court Administrator or the executive committee of the Connecticut Probate Assembly fails to approve a proposed regulation, such proposed regulation may be submitted to a panel of three Superior Court judges appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The panel of judges, after consideration of the positions of the Probate Court Administrator and the executive committee of the Connecticut Probate Assembly, shall either approve the proposed regulation or reject the proposed regulation.

- [(c)] (d) The Probate Court Administrator shall regularly review the auditing, accounting, statistical, billing, recording, filing, administrative and other procedures of the [several] courts of probate.
- [(d)] (e) The Probate Court Administrator shall, personally, or by an authorized designee of the Probate Court Administrator who has been admitted to the practice of law in this state for at least five years, visit each court of probate at least once during each two-year period to examine the records and files of such court in the presence of the judge of the court or the judge's authorized designee. The Probate Court Administrator shall make [whatever] any additional inquiries [are deemed] that the Probate Court Administrator considers appropriate [,] to ascertain whether the business of the court, including the charging of costs and payments to the State Treasurer, has been conducted in accordance with law, rules of the courts of probate, regulations issued under this section and the canons of judicial ethics, and to obtain information concerning the business of the courts of probate which is necessary for the [administrator] Probate Court Administrator to perform properly the duties of the office.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2007) (a) If the Probate Court

Administrator determines that the business of a court of probate has not been conducted in accordance with law, the regulations issued pursuant to section 45a-77 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or the canons of judicial ethics, or that the business of a court of probate is not being conducted properly or with expeditious dispatch, or that suitable court facilities are not being provided for a court of probate in accordance with subsection (a) or (b) of section 45a-8 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, the Probate Court Administrator shall give written notice of such determination, and the reasons therefor, to the judge of such court. The Probate Court Administrator shall include with such notice the Probate Court Administrator's proposed disposition of the matter, which may include one or more of the following actions: (1) Reassignment of any case pending before such court to a special assignment probate judge or to another judge of probate by means of a citation in the manner provided in section 45a-120 of the general statutes; (2) designation of a special assignment probate judge to assist the judge of such court in conducting the business of such court; or (3) recovery of expenses from the judge of such court, as permitted by regulations issued pursuant to section 45a-77 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

(b) (1) Not later than seven business days after receiving notice as provided in subsection (a) of this section, a judge of probate who is the subject of an action of the Probate Court Administrator under this section may file with the Probate Court Administrator a request for a hearing before a review panel. The review panel shall consist of (A) a judge of probate selected by the Probate Court Administrator, (B) a judge of probate selected by the judge who is the subject of the action, and (C) a judge of probate jointly selected by the judges who have been selected pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision.

(2) Not later than seven business days after the filing of a request for a hearing under subdivision (1) of this subsection, the review panel shall hold a hearing on the Probate Court Administrator's determination and proposed disposition of the matter. The Probate

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- Court Administrator and the judge who is the subject of the action shall have a right to be heard and present evidence at the hearing. After the hearing, a majority of the members of the review panel may affirm, dismiss or modify the Probate Court Administrator's determination and proposed disposition of the matter under subsection (a) of this section. The decision of the review panel under this subsection shall be final and not subject to appeal.
 - (c) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, if a timely request for a hearing is not filed under subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section by the judge who is the subject of the action, the Probate Court Administrator's proposed disposition of the matter under subsection (a) of this section shall take effect immediately upon the expiration of the seven-day period set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section. Such disposition shall be final and not subject to appeal.
 - (2) If the Probate Court Administrator determines that an emergency exists, the Probate Court Administrator's proposed disposition of the matter under subsection (a) of this section shall take effect when the judge who is the subject of the action receives notice as provided in subsection (a) of this section. Such proposed disposition shall be subject to such judge's right to a hearing and the decision of the review panel under subsection (b) of this section, provided the validity of any order or decree made, proceeding held or other action taken by a special assignment probate judge or another judge of probate pursuant to such proposed disposition when an emergency exists shall not be affected by any subsequent decision of the review panel under subsection (b) of this section.
 - (d) The Probate Court Administrator shall issue regulations pursuant to section 45a-77 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, concerning rules of procedure for the conduct of any hearing before a review panel under this section. Such rules of procedure shall address matters including, but not limited to, the notice of the Probate Court Administrator's determination and reasons therefor under

- 219 subsection (a) of this section, the content of a request for a hearing and 220 any notice of hearing, hearing procedures, evidence, subpoenas, the production of documents, continuances, intervenors, the hearing 222 record and the right to cross-examine, present arguments and inspect 223 and copy relevant materials.
 - Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2007) (a) There shall be special assignment probate judges appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, on nomination by the Probate Court Administrator, from among judges of probate elected as provided in section 45a-18 of the general statutes and from among former judges of probate. A nominee of the Probate Court Administrator shall have demonstrated the special skill, experience or expertise necessary to serve as a special assignment probate judge. A special assignment probate judge shall serve at the pleasure of the Chief Justice.
 - (b) Special assignment probate judges (1) shall have all of the powers of, and may hear and decide any matter that may be heard and decided by, an elected judge of probate, (2) may preside over such matters as shall be assigned by the Probate Court Administrator, including matters assigned as the result of any action of a review panel under section 3 of this act, and (3) may assist the Probate Court Administrator in carrying out the duties of the office, including, but not limited to, adjudicating matters before a court of probate that require special skill, experience or expertise or in which the presiding judge of probate is disqualified.
 - Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2007) Subject to the approval of the Chief Court Administrator, the Probate Court Administrator shall fix the compensation of special assignment probate judges appointed pursuant to section 4 of this act. Such compensation shall, on the order of the Probate Court Administrator, be paid from the Probate Court Administration Fund established under section 45a-82 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. Such compensation, including compensation that a special assignment probate judge receives as a judge of probate of the district to which he or she was elected, shall not

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- exceed the compensation provided under subsection (k) of section 45a-
- 253 92 of the general statutes. A special assignment probate judge shall
- 254 have such benefits as may inure to him or her as a judge of probate
- and shall receive no additional benefits, except compensation provided
- 256 under this section.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2007) (a) A court of probate shall
- be open to the public for the conduct of court business not less than
- 259 twenty hours each week, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays,
- on a regular schedule between the hours of eight o'clock a.m. and five
- 261 o'clock p.m. The judge of probate of a probate district may close a
- 262 court temporarily owing to inclement weather, an emergency or other
- 263 good cause. Such judge shall immediately give notice of a temporary
- 264 closing to the Probate Court Administrator, together with the reason
- for such closing and the date and time when the court will reopen.
- 266 (b) The Probate Court Administrator may, for good cause shown,
- 267 modify the requirements of this section.
- Sec. 7. Subsection (1) of section 45a-82 of the general statutes is
- 269 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 270 *October 1, 2007*):
- 271 (I) The Probate Court Administrator may issue regulations pursuant
- 272 to [subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of] section 45a-77, as amended by
- 273 this act, in order to carry out the intent of subsections (j) and (k) of this
- 274 section.
- Sec. 8. Subsection (c) of section 45a-92 of the general statutes is
- 276 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 277 *October 1, 2007*):
- (c) Each judge of probate or personal representative, except a judge
- of probate who is the Probate Court Administrator, shall at the time of
- 280 filing such returns pay to the State Treasurer to be credited to the fund
- established by section 45a-82, as amended by this act, a percentage of
- the annual net income from such office based on the following table in

which the percentage appearing in the left column shall first be multiplied by the minimum annual compensation of a high volume court as provided in subsection (k) of this section, as in effect on the first day of July of the calendar year for which an assessment is due pursuant to this section, the product of which shall then be multiplied by the applicable percentage appearing in the right column:

T1	First 20% of the compensation assessment rate		
T2	of a high volume court	\$1 nominal	
T3	Next 6.67%	5%	
T4	Next 6.66%	10%	
T5	Next 6.67%	15%	
T6	Next 6.67%	25%	
T7	Next 6.66%	35%	
T8	Next 13.34%	50%	
T9	Next 33.33%	75%	
T10	Next 33.67%	80%	
T11	Next 66.67%	85%	
T12	Next 133.33%	95%	
T13			
T14	Excess over 333.67%, up to the maximum amount computed at 97.5%		
T15	by the Probate Court Administrator		
T16			
T17	All over the maximum amount computed at 100% by the Probate		
T18	Court Administrator.		

As used [herein] <u>in this subsection</u>, "maximum amount" [shall mean] <u>means</u> the amount of annual net income from such office which, when applying the percentage payments set forth above, shall result in the judge of probate retaining as net compensation, after the payment of the above amounts, no more than the product resulting from the multiplication of seventy-two dollars by the annual weighted-workload of the court, as defined [by regulations to be adopted] <u>in</u>

regulations issued by the Probate Court Administrator pursuant to [subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of] section 45a-77, as amended by this act, but not to exceed the compensation of a high volume court as set forth in subsection (k) of this section, provided this limitation shall not apply to those courts described in subsection (k) of this section. Such payment shall be deemed to be a necessary expense of such office, but shall not be deductible from the gross income for the purpose of determining net income of such office under this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the annual minimum compensation of a judge of probate shall be no less than the product resulting from the multiplication of fifteen dollars by the annual weighted-workload of the court, as defined [by regulations to be adopted in regulations issued by the Probate Court Administrator pursuant to [subdivision (3) of subsection (b) of] section 45a-77, as amended by this act, or no less than the judge's average compensation for the three-year period from January 1, 1996, to December 31, 1998, but, in no event shall that minimum compensation exceed that provided pursuant to subsection (k) of this section.

Sec. 9. Subsection (f) of section 45a-92 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 316 October 1, 2007):

(f) If, based upon such estimate, the amount payable shall be less than one hundred dollars, the payment thereof shall be made in one payment on or before December thirty-first of the applicable year. Otherwise, the amount payable shall be made in four substantially equal installments payable on or before the last day of March, June, September and December of the applicable year, except that in the case of an estimate filed pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (e) of this section, the amount payable under such estimate shall be made in substantially equal installments on such installment payment dates next following the timely filing of such estimate in such year. The estimated payment may be amended and changed at any time during the year in which it is payable by increasing or decreasing the amount. The amount of such increase or decrease shall be paid for or adjusted

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- in the installment or payment due at the time the estimated assessment
- 331 is next payable after such amendment. The Probate Court
- Administrator may [adopt] <u>issue</u> regulations pursuant to [subdivision
- 333 (1) of subsection (b) of section 45a-77, as amended by this act, to carry
- out the intent of this subsection.
- Sec. 10. Subsection (i) of section 45a-92 of the general statutes is
- 336 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 337 *October 1, 2007*):
- 338 (i) (1) If any estimated quarterly payments required to be paid
- pursuant to subsection (f) of this section [is] <u>are</u> less than one-fourth of
- seventy per cent of the total assessment due for that year or less than
- one-fourth of ninety-five per cent of the assessment paid for the prior
- year, such person shall be obligated to pay to such fund a penalty of
- ten per cent of the amount of the deficiency, except that the Probate
- 344 Court Administrator may waive such penalty for cause in accordance
- 345 with regulations [adopted] <u>issued</u> pursuant to [subdivision (1) of
- subsection (b) of] section 45a-77, as amended by this act. Any such
- 347 penalty shall become payable upon demand by the Probate Court
- 348 Administrator, and be due within thirty days after such demand, in
- accordance with regulations [promulgated] <u>issued</u> by the Probate
- 350 Court Administrator, and shall be subject to interest under subdivision
- 351 (2) of this subsection in the event of default in such payment. (2) Any
- payments required under subsection (f) or (h) of this section which are
- not paid at the applicable times prescribed in said subsections, and any
- 354 penalty payment required under subdivision (1) of this subsection
- 355 which is not timely paid, shall incur simple interest at the rate
- 356 applicable under section 12-376 for delinquent payment of succession
- and transfer taxes where no extension has been granted, to be payable
- 358 to the State Treasurer and to be added to the fund established under
- 359 section 45a-82, as amended by this act. Any alleged delinquency of a
- 360 judge of probate in making payments as required under this section
- 361 shall be referred by the State Treasurer to the Attorney General for
- such action as the Attorney General deems necessary.

Sec. 11. Subsection (g) of section 5-259 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2007*):

(g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the Probate Court Administration Fund established in accordance with section 45a-82, as amended by this act, shall pay for each probate judge and Probate Court employee not more than one hundred per cent of the portion of the premium charged for his or her individual coverage and not more than fifty per cent of any additional cost for his or her form of coverage. The remainder of the premium for such coverage shall be paid by the probate judge or Probate Court employee to the State Treasurer. Payment shall be credited by the State Treasurer to the fund established by section 45a-82, as amended by this act. The total premiums payable shall be remitted by the Probate Court Administrator directly to the insurance company or companies or nonprofit organization or organizations providing the coverage. The Probate Court Administrator shall [establish] issue regulations governing group hospitalization and medical and surgical insurance [in accordance with subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of] pursuant to section 45a-77, as amended by this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	October 1, 2007	45a-8		
Sec. 2	October 1, 2007	45a-77		
Sec. 3	October 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 4	October 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 5	October 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 6	October 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 7	October 1, 2007	45a-82(l)		
Sec. 8	October 1, 2007	45a-92(c)		
Sec. 9	October 1, 2007	45a-92(f)		
Sec. 10	October 1, 2007	45a-92(i)		
Sec. 11	October 1, 2007	5-259(g)		

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JUD Joint Favorable Subst.